

UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA

Twin Cities Campus

Mark B. McClellan, MD, PhD
Commissioner of Food and Drugs
U.S. Food and Drug Administration
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Rockville, MD 20857

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Dear Commissioner McClellan:

As a practicing Womens Health Nurse Practitioner and member of the Association of Reproductive Health Professionals (ARHP), I strongly support the overwhelming evidence-based and public health imperative for over-the-counter access to emergency contraceptive pills (ECPs).

Contraception, regrettably, is neither universal nor fail-proof. Unintended pregnancies occur in both the small percentage of women who don't use contraception, and in women for whom contraception fails. Of all the women who experienced an unintended pregnancy, more than half - 53 percent - were using contraception at the time of conception.

Extensive research also demonstrates that ECPs are extremely safe, including when self-administered. The hormones in ECPs have been used for more than thirty years as daily birth control by tens of millions of women, and serious complications have been extremely low.

Medical decisions should be rooted firmly in scientific evidence. Research on emergency contraception - including numerous randomized trials, data on actual use, and label-comprehension studies - has revealed that prescription-only status of ECPs is both gratuitous and harmful. Prolific research on ECPs documents their safety, efficacy, and ease-of-use, along with the economic benefits of OTC status for individuals, institutions, and public systems. The Institute of Medicine stated that establishing "evidence-based" medicine should be at the forefront of modern medicine's agenda, and has advocated in favor of aggressive efforts to reduce unintended pregnancy rates in America. The FDA can bring the medical community one step closer to reaching both goals by acknowledging the overwhelming evidence and granting OTC status to ECPs.

Professional and public support of the OTC switch is obvious, as more than 70 organizations are signators to the 2001 Citizen's Petition for Status Change for Emergency Contraception. Among the numerous medical and public health organizations supporting the switch are: the AMA, ACOG, the Association of Reproductive Health Professionals, the American Academy of Pediatrics, the American Medical Women's Association, the American Nurses Association, the National Association of Nurse Practitioners in Women's Health, the American Public Health Association, Planned Parenthood Federation of America, the Black Women's Health Imperative, Advocates for Youth, the American Pharmaceutical Association and Physicians for Reproductive Choice and Health®.

Condoms and spermicides are widely available over-the-counter. As a product that could drastically reduce the rate of unintended pregnancy, ECPs should share their over-the-counter status. Simply stated, emergency contraception is effective and safe and deserves to be available over-the-counter. I highly support over the counter status, and hope the FDA will follow science and make this a reality.

Sincerely,

Marcia Staack R.N., C.N.P.

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